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manufactured and marked prior to October 1, 1993 as a salvage drum, in accordance with the provisions of this section in effect on September 30, 1991, is authorized. Capacity of the drum may not exceed 450 L (119 gallons).

- (2) Each drum shall be provided when necessary with sufficient cushioning and absorption material to prevent excessive movement of the damaged package and to eliminate the presence of any free liquid at the time the salvage drum is closed. All cushioning and absorbent material used in the drum must be compatible with the hazardous material.
- (3) Each salvage packaging must be marked with the proper shipping name of the hazardous material inside the packaging and the name and address of the consignee. In addition, the packaging must be marked "SALVAGE" or "SALVAGE DRUM".
- (4) Each drum shall be labeled as prescribed for the respective material.
- (5) The shipper shall prepare shipping papers in accordance with subpart C of part 172 of this subchapter.
- (6) The overpack requirements of §173.25 do not apply to drums used in accordance with this paragraph.
- (7) A salvage packaging marked "T" in accordance with applicable provisions in the UN Recommendations may be used.

[Amdt. 173–224, 55 FR 52607, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66265, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 173–234, 58 FR 51531, Oct. 1, 1993; Amdt. 173–261, 62 FR 24719, May 6, 1997; 66 FR 45380, Aug. 28, 2001]

§ 173.4 Small quantity exceptions.

- (a) Small quantities of Class 3, Division 4.1, Division 4.2 (PG II and III), Division 4.3 (PG II and III), Division 5.1, Division 5.2, Division 6.1, Class 7, Class 8, and Class 9 materials that also meet the definition of one or more of these hazard classes, are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter when—
- (1) The maximum quantity of material per inner receptacle or article is limited to—
- (i) Thirty (30) mL (1 ounce) for authorized liquids, other than Division 6.1, Packing Group I, Hazard Zone A or B materials;

- (ii) Thirty (30) g (1 ounce) for authorized solid materials;
- (iii) One (1) g (0.04 ounce) for authorized materials meeting the definition of a Division 6.1, Packing Group I, Hazard Zone A or B material; and
- (iv) An activity level not exceeding that specified in §§173.421, 173.424, 173.425 or 173.426, as appropriate, for a package containing a Class 7 (radioactive) material.
- (2) With the exception of temperature sensing devices, each inner receptacle:
- (i) Is not liquid-full at 55 °C (131 °F), and
- (ii) Is constructed of plastic having a minimum thickness of no less than 0.2 mm (0.008 inch), or earthenware, glass, or metal:
- (3) Each inner receptacle with a removable closure has its closure held securely in place with wire, tape, or other positive means;
- (4) Unless equivalent cushioning and absorbent material surrounds the inside packaging, each inner receptacle is securely packed in an inside packaging with cushioning and absorbent material that:
- (i) Will not react chemically with the material, and
- (ii) Is capable of absorbing the entire contents (if a liquid) of the receptacle;
- (5) The inside packaging is securely packed in a strong outside packaging;
- (6) The completed package, as demonstrated by prototype testing, is capable of sustaining—
- (i) Each of the following free drops made from a height of 1.8 m (5.9 feet) directly onto a solid unyielding surface without breakage or leakage from any inner receptacle and without a substantial reduction in the effectiveness of the package:
 - (A) One drop flat on bottom;
 - (B) One drop flat on top;
 - (C) One drop flat on the long side;
- (D) One drop flat on the short side; and
- (E) One drop on a corner at the junction of three intersecting edges; and
- (ii) A compressive load as specified in §178.606(c) of this subchapter.

NOTE TO PARAGRAPH (a)(6): Each of the tests in paragraph (a)(6) of this section may be performed on a different but identical package; *i.e.*, all tests need not be performed on the same package.

- (7) Placement of the material in the package or packing different materials in the package does not result in a violation of §173.21;
- (8) The gross mass of the completed package does not exceed 29 kg (64 pounds):
- (9) The package is not opened or otherwise altered until it is no longer in commerce; and
- (10) The shipper certifies conformance with this section by marking the outside of the package with the statement "This package conforms to 49 CFR 173.4" or, alternatively, until October 1, 2001, with the statement "This package conforms to the conditions and limitations specified in 49 CFR 173.4."
- (b) A package containing a Class 7 (radioactive) material also must conform to the requirements of §173.421(a)(1) through (a)(5) or §173.424(a) through (g), as appropriate.
- (c) Packages which contain a Class 2, Division 4.2 (PG I), or Division 4.3 (PG I) material conforming to paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(10) of this section may be offered for transportation or transported if specifically approved by the Associate Administrator.

[Amdt. 173–224, 55 FR 52608, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended at 56 FR 66265, Dec. 20, 1991; Amdt. 173–234, 58 FR 51531, Oct. 1, 1993; Amdt. 173–244, 60 FR 50307, Sept. 28, 1995; Amdt. 173–253, 61 FR 27173, May 30, 1996; 65 FR 50460, Aug. 18, 2000; 65 FR 58628, Sept. 29, 2000; 66 FR 33426, June 21, 2001; 66 FR 45183, 45379, 45381, Aug. 28, 2001; 67 FR 61013, Sept. 27, 2002]

§ 173.5 Agricultural operations.

- (a) For other than a Class 2 material, the transportation of an agricultural product over local roads between fields of the same farm is excepted from the requirements of this subchapter. A Class 2 material transported over local roads between fields of the same farm is excepted from subparts G and H of part 172 of this subchapter. In either instance, transportation of the hazardous material is subject to the following conditions:
- (1) It is transported by a farmer who is an intrastate private motor carrier; and
- (2) The movement of the agricultural product conforms to requirements of the State in which it is transported

- and is specifically authorized by a State statute or regulation in effect before October 1, 1998.
- (b) The transportation of an agricultural product to or from a farm, within 150 miles of the farm, is excepted from the requirements in subparts G and H of part 172 of this subchapter and from the specific packaging requirements of this subchapter when:
- (1) It is transported by a farmer who is an intrastate private motor carrier;
- (2) The total amount of agricultural product being transported on a single vehicle does not exceed:
- (i) 7,300 kg (16,094 lbs.) of ammonium nitrate fertilizer properly classed as Division 5.1, PG III, in a bulk packaging, or
- (ii) 1900 L (502 gallons) for liquids or gases, or 2,300 kg (5,070 lbs.) for solids, of any other agricultural product;
- (3) The movement and packaging of the agricultural product conform to the requirements of the State in which it is transported and are specifically authorized by a State statute or regulation in effect before October 1, 1998; and
- (4) Each person having any responsibility for transporting the agricultural product or preparing the agricultural product for shipment has been instructed in the applicable requirements of this subchapter.
- (c) Formulated liquid agricultural products in specification packagings of 220 L (58 gallons) capacity, or less, with closures manifolded to a closed mixing system and equipped with positive dry disconnect devices may be transported by a private motor carrier between a final distribution point and an ultimate point of application or for loading aboard an airplane for aerial application.
- (d) See §173.315(m) pertaining to nurse tanks of anhydrous ammonia.
- (e) See \$173.6 pertaining to materials of trade.

[Amdt. 173–259, 62 FR 1215, Jan. 8, 1997, as amended by Amdt. 173–262, 62 FR 49566, Sept. 22, 1997; Amdt. 173–259, 63 FR 8142, Feb. 18, 1998; 65 FR 50460, Aug. 18, 2000]

§173.5a Oilfield service vehicles.

Notwithstanding §173.29 of this subchapter, a cargo tank mounted on a